Pupil Premium Strategy Statement





This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2022 to 2023 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

School overview

Detail	Data
School name	Stamshaw Infant School
Number of pupils in school	211
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	42% 82 pupils (Oct '21 Census)
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended)	From September 2022 – 2023 to 2024-2025
Date this statement was published	September 2022
Date on which it will be reviewed	September 2023
Statement authorised by	Jo Cooper Headteacher
Pupil Premium lead	Jo Cooper Headteacher
Governor / Trustee lead	Mr M Pearce

Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£110.655
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£11,020
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£0
Total budget for this academic year	£121,675

If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this	
academic year	

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

Our intention is to ensure all pupils, irrespective of their background, have access to high quality teaching and learning, make good progress and have a huge enjoyment during their Infant school years.

Evidence shows that children from disadvantaged backgrounds generally face extra challenges in reaching their potential at school and often do not perform as well as their peers

The Pupil Premium Strategy plan intends to provide all pupils, within the Infant setting, the opportunities to explore, develop, learn and grow. All children should have the opportunities to have access to a broad and balanced curriculum and those pupils identified as disadvantaged are provided with educational and emotional support to ensure they have the skills and knowledge to make progress with their learning.

The detailed strategy plan is a whole school approach and ensures the objectives are clearly focussed on the need of the pupils. References are made to current research and the learning is monitored effectively to enable provision to be accurately assessed and implemented. There is a collective understanding of the issues being addressed and what the individual role is for all involved, everyone is responsible. We will ensure the plan, teach and assess cycle is seen through the lens of the disadvantaged and vulnerable pupils.

In line with the EEF Guide, we will adopt a tiered approach to Pupil Premium spending. This approach focusses on high-quality teaching, targeted academic support and the wider strategies to support the pupils' development. The key principles of the strategy plan focus on Early Literacy skills, with a great emphasise on early language development, speech and communication, reading development and the socio—emotional development of the child. The approaches we have adopted complement each other to help pupils excel. To ensure they are effective we will:

- ensure disadvantaged pupils are challenged in the work that they are set
- act early to intervene at the point need is identified
- adopt a whole school approach in which all staff take responsibility for disadvantaged pupils' outcomes and raise expectations of what they can achieve

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Phonic application in reading and writing
	Through observations, assessments and 1:1 teaching it is evident that pupils experience barriers when reading and in the development of reading.
	At the point of teaching phonics, the new learning is understood, however the application of phonics taught and identifying knowledge in independent reading presents as a difficulty for disadvantaged pupils. In addition, there are some inconsistencies in regularity of reading support at home.
2	Listening and Attention
	Through baseline assessments, transition discussions with teachers and discussions with parents, pupils' readiness for school has been notably a key focus. Development of concentration skills has been an area for development as pupils struggle independently to apply their new learning and knowledge and sustain focus on learning tasks.
3	Language articulation
	Through detailed discussions and observations, teachers have expressed the importance of language and communication and how this is lacking for some disadvantaged pupils. Pupils present as having an inability to speak in accurate sentences and this is influencing the writing process. Pupils experience difficulties orally rehearsing sentences and there are gaps within the disadvantaged pupils' vocabulary.
4	Emotional and social vulnerabilities
	Through communication with parents, staff discussions and conversations with pupils, it is evident that Covid 19 has had a huge impact on learning outcomes. Pupils lack the confidence and motivation to work independently and need support to complete the learning, this is impacting on progress. Social anxieties and behavioural concerns have been raised through parental discussions and the Well-being Lead has an increased demand on their time to support the issues that have arisen.
5	School attendance
	With regard to school attendance, there have been ongoing concerns due to the effects of the pandemic. Remote provision has been in place; however, the quality of response to the learning has been inconsistent. The profile and value placed on school attendance has been reflected in the attendance figures.

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
At end of year 1, maintain and continue to reduce the gap between disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged peers nationally in phonics.	Pupils' outcomes in line with National averages (with consideration given to Covid 19 and the impact on the National Av) Prior to pandemic, Year 1 National outcomes in 2019 were 83%, with 71% disadvantaged compared to 84% all other pupils. 2022 data following Covid disruptions was considerably lower than in previous years with 54% of pupils passing the PSC.
Percentage of pupils in all year groups achieving ARE or above in reading and writing are increased to narrow the difference with their non-disadvantaged peers. Pupils will leave KS1 with similar outcomes to their non-disadvantaged peers	The gaps between the disadvantaged pupils and non-disadvantaged pupils is narrowed with pupils' outcomes largely in line with NA. There is an increased percentage of the GDS pupils in receipt of PP funding achieving broadly in line with NA.
Increased effective support in place to support the socio-emotional and mental health of pupils Children demonstrate increasing resilience Children settle quickly into school / lessons and disruptions are a rarity Reduction in incidents for those children who are receiving 1-1 emotional well-being intervention.	Pastoral support in place and meeting the personalised needs of all pupils. Specialised interventions reflect impact on pupils' outcomes. Pupils develop strategies to self-regulate and are able to engage in the learning. Pupils are able to work more independently. Pupil profiles meetings identify and highlight the successes. Outside agency reports reflect the improved practice of individual pupils and the school's approach to supporting specific pupils.
Good role modelling to the pupils when engaging in conversations. Pupils given the opportunity to feel valued and respected by peers and their teachers. Opportunities for parents attend workshops to help with the development of key skills. Creative curriculum provides opportunities to explore and develop thinking. Quality provision with speech and language specialist.	Pupils develop the skills required to engage and participate in quality conversations which will impact on their learning outcomes. Increase in the range of vocabulary used and understood by pupils.
Improved monitoring and targeting of children in receipt of pupil premium for attendance and lateness	Gap between disadvantaged and others does not widen (currently 2% difference) Reduced number of PA through effective monitoring and support for families.

Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) this academic year to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £41,827

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
To ensure high quality first teaching in every class. Access in-house, Trust-wide, and national training with a focus on improving QFT in all core areas of the curriculum In-class coaching and access to The National College to support and develop practice. Release of SLT and in-house experts to provide support and model best practice	By giving teaching and learning staff the capacity, the expertise, the professional development and knowledge it will support and best meet the needs of the disadvantaged pupils. EEF – Pupil Premium Guide EEF – Putting Evidence to work The National College 'Bridging the Attainment Gap' – Marc Rowland PP lead and DFE advisor Rachel Clarke English Consultancy - info@primaryenglished.co.uk Metacognition training DFE Reading Guidance	1, 2, 3
Additional adults to reduce teaching groups in EYFS. Robust assessments to ensure groupings of pupils maximises learning. Small group work highly effective when planning for participation is appropriate to ensure gains are sustained back in the classroom. Precision teaching programme of 1:1 support	The needs of the pupils identified within the Early Years setting has resulted in extra staffing in the EY classes. Following on from QFT, smaller groups and proven beneficial to progress. Good relationships between pupil and Adult to ensure the most impact on progress EEF - Use of TAS EEF - Teaching Toolkit	1, 2, 3
Effective monitoring Regular meetings with SLT to inform FGB on the data analysis of pupils.	Effective monitoring has ensured the current provision is in place to meet the needs of the pupils. Professional dialogue between colleagues	1, 2, 3, 4, 5

Through Pupil Profile Meetings, regular discussion and analysis of data / tracking. In school formal monitoring programme. CPD records	enables detailed provision to be established. EEF – Pupil Premium Guide	
Purchase of a DfE validated Systematic Synthetic Phonics programme to secure stronger phonics teaching for all pupils. All relevant staff (including new and support staff) receive training to deliver early reading and phonics effectively – new training schedule with the implementation of SSP for phonics.	Phonics approaches have a strong evidence base that indicates a positive impact on the accuracy of word reading (though not necessarily comprehension), particularly for disadvantaged pupils: EEF - Phonics Toolkit	2

Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £42,181

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Tailored programmes for mental health and wellbeing to support disadvantaged pupils High levels of communication with parents / carers Identification and engagement of most vulnerable children and families Identified support staff time-table for specific support / programmes Engagement with citywide outreach services Purchase of books and additional resources	Research and implementation of ELSA support has proven the effect of social and emotional programmes in supporting the needs of the pupils and enabling them to make progress within their learning. MABS Dr Bruce Perry – Hierarchical Organisation of the Brain. ACES - Portsmouth SB EEF-Social and Emotional Learning EEF- Metacognition and self-regulation	4
Speech and Language Designated Speech and language Specialist to work with disadvantaged pupils on specific	Oral language interventions can have a positive impact on pupils' language skills. Approaches that focus on speaking, listening and a	2,3

programmes. The programmes support the development of the articulation of sounds, vocabulary skills and speaking in accurate sentences to inform the narrative.	combination of the two show positive impacts on attainment: EEF – Early language Development EEF – The Big Picture EEF – Improving Literacy in KS1	
Early Years Interventions Implementation of targeted intervention in Early years to support and promote the development of language in the early stages.	Validated intervention – NELI shows a positive impact of four months additional progress to improve the spoken language of early year's pupils. EEF – Early language Development Multi-dimensional scale – Timothy Rasinski EEF –Early Years Toolkit	2,3
Phonics Additional phonics sessions targeted at disadvantaged pupils who require further phonics support. This will be delivered in collaboration with our local English hub.	Phonics approaches have a strong evidence base indicating a positive impact on pupils, particularly from disadvantaged backgrounds. Targeted phonics interventions have been shown to be more effective when delivered as regular sessions over a period up to 12 weeks: EEF – Teaching and learning Toolkit – Phonics Collaboration, and audit with the English Hub	2
Tutoring Engaging in the National Tutoring programme to provide tuition to identified pupils whose education has been most impacted by the pandemic. A significant proportion of the pupils who receive tutoring will be disadvantaged, including those who are high attainers. Newly appointed Academic mentor will support and develop those pupils with significant needs in ordere to impact those who have been most affected by disrupted learning.	Tuition targeted at specific needs and knowledge gaps can be an effective method to support low attaining pupils or those falling behind, both one-to-one: Academic Mentor to support identified groups of pupils requiring bespoke intervention. EEF – One to One Tuition	1,2,3, 4

Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £ 43,355

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Enhanced provision To enable pupils to have provision to Breakfast Club and Teatime Club.	Evidence shows that children who have had a good breakfast are ready to learn and are able to function effectively. Hungry children do not perform as well.	4
Facilitate Rock Steady (music band) to provide a rich and varied experience of life beyond the classroom.	All children should have the opportunity to experience playing a musical instrument to widen their breadth of experiences,	
	EEF Toolkit – Social and Emotional Learning	
Pastoral Support Engagement of parents and families to ensure priorities are addressed and opportunities are developed to ensure involvement in their child's education.	With Covid issues and Safeguarding remaining our priority for the school, increased involvement with the Head of Pastoral and Behaviour, liaising with parents and outside agencies. Positive feedback from outside agencies details the importance of relationships and how that influences the relationships with learning. Marc Rowland – DFE Advisor EEf Toolkit – Parental Engagement	4
Attendance Embedding principles of good practice set out in the DfE's Improving School Attendance advice.	The DfE guidance has been informed by engagement with schools that have significantly reduced levels of absence and persistent absence.	5
This will involve training and release time for staff to develop and implement new procedures and appointing attendance/support officers to improve attendance.	EEF – Toolkit – Parental Engagement	

Parental Engagement	Parental engagement has significantly improved through the Seesaw APP-98% of parents are using the APP to engage with their child's learning.	
Parents feel more well informed and empowered to support their children through:		% of parents are using the APP to
Seesaw APP	FFF Tablist Devental Engagement	
Parental engagement programme in place	EEF – Toolkit – Parental Engagement	
Family Learning workshops		
Class assemblies		
Coffee mornings		
MHST Anxiety workshops for parents and staff		

Total budgeted cost: £ 127,363